THE STAR FOR THE SUMMER. THE DAILY STAR will be mailed to persons who may be absent from the city during the summer at the rate of fifty cents per month.

BURMAH has on her hands another re-

NEW YORK claims, from estimates just made, a population of 1,200,000.

THE Carlist attack on Irun was not the cause of as many poor jokes as the name and incident seemed to demand.

In the absence of the ministers during the summer vacation, the New York Herald recommends that "every man become his own clergyman."

HEAVY FAILURES in English business circles continue. The liabilities of Lambert Brothers and Scott, yesterday's victims, are put at one million of dollars.

CHINA is now taking active steps toward a speedy settlement of the Formosa difficulty. After a series of defeats two hundred of the aberigines were THE St. Louis Grand Jury is still in-

Ring. The Grand Jury must be a very slow institution or the Ring a very complicated affair. THE money to defray the expense the visit of the Prince of Wales to India

was voted without a quibble. There is nothing like a full appreciation of the importance of style.

Now we will know all about it. The Black Hills Tribune will be issued on position. No one who attended the Vithe first of August, and in a prospectus it announces that the mining interests newspapers of the world, will doubt for of the Black Hills country will receive an instant but that the feature menits first attention.

GEN. LONGSTREET will perform an unnecessary task in his rummaging through the rebel archives to find matter proving that he was not the cause of the loss of the battle of Gettysburg. Charges of that kind that have been made against.him come from Southern politicians, who were so busy at the time devising means to take care of their own shins that no attention is paid to their statements. Of course opinions, of Gen. Longstreet's position since the war are as various as the holders, but all concede his bravery and ability in theffield. He can now better employ his talents than in digging among the old archives.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEY FISHER, who is about to be superseded. has been connected in various ways with matters in the District of Columbia since the early days of President Lincoln's administration. He was at the commencement of the war a member of Congress from Delaware, but was appointed Judge of one of the Courts of the District, and has held various positions up to this time. He is a good lawyer, and made a very satisfactory judicial officer, and but for his connection with the District ring would doubtless have been retained in his present position as long as his party was in power. He is chiefly known to the country; however, as the presiding Judge during the trial of John Surratt. It was on the occasion of that trial that he was assaulted with a stick by Mr. Bradley, one of the defendant's counsel, for which the latter was ex pelled from the bar.

# POSTPONEMENT OF THE CENTER.

NIAL. Hon. John Jay, late Minister to Austria, has recently come forward with a proposition to postpone our Centennial Exposition until 1877, on the grounds that there are some countries that refuse to take part in 1876, and that there are some specialties which would be of great advantage which have not yet been announced or provided for. Mr. Jay was Minister to Austria during the time of the Vienna Exposition, and as the affair was especially under his no tice and a subject of much thought by him during its whole course, his opinion is entitled to at least a respectful hearing. One of his particular reasons for postponement is that Russia and Austria and some other countries are not to take part in 1876, but might be persuaded to

do so a year later. He says, and very properly, too, that "It should be a universal Exposition and not one in which such countries as Russia and Austria would be conspicuous by their absence." Another argument, and one well worthy of thought, is that certain popular features introduced by one or two countries at the Vienna Exposition, should be made a special and important teature of our Centennial, and nave not as yet been even proposed by the management. These are the ingenious and instructive gardens or countries in miniature introduced at Vienna by the Japanese and attracting much attention among all classes of visitors. Con-

gerning them Mr. Jay says:

Few visitors will forget the pleasing impression made by the quaint houses which had been built by Japanese workmen, the shops crowded with Japanese goods under the management of their dever salesmen; the artificial water crossed by a Japanese bridge and the grounds ornamented with Japanese idols and stones; the orchard of stunted trees, the illies and other native flowers, the walks bordered by a slight protection of hamboo, and the Japanese men and women in their light dresses marked with Eastern characters, pursuing their domestic cocupations as composedly as it they had been at home. The entire thing, although on so miniature a scale, seeemed a veritable bit of fapan.

Fairmount Park should exhibit with the same perfection and on a larger scale the characteristics of each country, so that visitors might pass in succession through hits of Eugland, Beigium and France; of Holland, Switzerland and Germany; of Austria, shall get along first-rate." cerning them Mr. Jay says:

Hungary, Russia and Italy, and observe the varying landscape gardenies and horticulture; the domestic architecture in the Commission buildings, cottages, school-houses, chapels, the gardens, ter-races, summer-houses, and statues, and especially the farm steadings, stables and dairies of each nationality, so full of interest for our agricultural classes; and find similar plots of Turkey and the Principalities, Egypt, Persia, Japan and China.

Mr. Jay's postponement proposition does not seem to be meeting with much favor, and there seems really no reason that it should. While the Exposition is to be international in character, and while we should be glad to welcome Russia and Austria, and every country of the world as active participants, there is no reason to believe that a larger proportion of them would take part in 1877 than in 1876, or that even Austria or Russia would then he ready to do so. The Exposition was announced and the world invited at a sufficiently early day, and a postponement at the present stage of proceedings would have a bad rather than a good effect.

According to Governor Bigler thirtyeight foreign governments have accepted the invitation to participate. Of these, one, Italy, has recently withdrawn on account of the expense, but there is no probability that a postponement would result in a sufficient enlargement of the list to make such action commendable. Besides the Exposition is not to be merely an International Exhibition, but is to vestigating the trands of the Whisky be a celebration of our centennial, and should its character as such be destroyed, its attractions for the American people, the principal supporters of the work, would be much lessened and the enthusiasm in the cause materially reduced.

> There are, however, some hints presented in Mr. Jay's proposition which due. are excellent in themselves and should not be lost upon the managers of the Ex-No one will doubt that such a feature in our Centennial would add largely to its popularity and would really afford more practical information and more actual attraction than any other department. And there are really no reasons why this valuable idea or suggestion may not yet be made available. There are some ten months yet before the opening of the Exposition, and with the facilities of the nineteenth century a very long space of time may be crowded into ten months. Some of the countries have already made preparations for exhibi-

John Mollean, in his life-time, while Clerk of the United States Court for this District. The deense deny the in-debtedness, and aver that the claim was

In the Bates will case the argument was begun, and will probably continue

the entire day.

Frank J. Jones was yesterday appointed administrator de bonis non, with the will annexed, of Ephraim Morgan, cecesed. Estate, \$15,000 in personalty. ceased. Estate, \$15,000 in personalty.
Jacob S. Lowry was appointed administrator of Catherine Lowry, deceased.

#### Estate, \$7,000 in personalty. Another Crop Destroyer.

The Baltimore American says: Benj. M. Gill, jr., residing at Murray's Farm, satisfactions of the worms that are now playing havoc in the rye and wheat fields in some parts of the country. Although this particular worm was brought up by mail from Woodensburg, and was tossed about in the usual word was tossed about in the usual was and was tossed about in the usual way in the distribution of letters at the Post-office and in the American, it was in excellent health and spirits when taken from the envelope, and forthwith began to crawl over the editorial desk with remarkable activity. We never saw a worm of this size that showed so much setivity.

worm of this size that showed so much scaliffy.

In general appearance it resembles a young caterpillar, but it is far more ngile. Mr. Gill also sends specimen rye-heads in which this voratious pest has been practicing his destructive arts. The sort grains are hollowed out, fearing nothing but the shell and the chaff. The worm is about one and one-fourth inches in leagth. Concerning the ravages of this pest Mr. Gill writes:

In some rye-fields the heads are almost void of grains, and the ground literally covered with chaff. Late-sewed rye would not be worth harvesting were it not for the straw. The early-sawed rye is also seriously damaged. The wheat crop in this section has also suffered slightly.

### THE MOON AND THE HARP.

A HOTTENTOT PABLE. The moon, in pity to the race Of man in his despair. Sent to them from her chining piaces. Her measenger, the hare.

""Go, nimble one, and say to men That as I fade and die, Then rise and brightlier shine again Above them in the sky;

So they must fall and fade away, liut only die to rise Where resurrection paves the way To fairer, friendlier skies."

Subout of duliness, trick, or fends.
The message which was sent.
The reckiess little hare construct.
With most malign intent.

"O race of men, the moon hath sal.
That as she lives and dice,
So nuto death shall you be led,
And nevermore shall rise." Now when the moon had heard the case, flet axe, with force and grup. She struck into the mesk hare's face, Which caused the split hare lip.

The hare, incensed, with claws upborn Scratched back with right good grace. And since that day the moon has worn A lough and regged face.

—Galaxy for August.

# Wedded to a Criminal.

A New York paper says: One by one the sharply defined characters and inci-dents in the drama of romance and crime daily enacted in New York arise and disappear again from public view, scarcely-more marked than the ripples in the harbor created by a passing vessel, which circle and foam, only to grow less and less perceptible until they are finally lost to sight. Now comes again the sail story of a woman betrayed into marriage with a criminal, taken from a home with a criminal, taken from a home where, she had enjoyed all the luxuries where she had enjoyed all the luxuries which wealth could provide and the attentions which her personal attractions and high accomplishments easily gained for her, and at last left alone to care for two young children in the midst of a strange city, where the mention of her name is more upt to excite suspicion than the commiseration which is her due.

About seven years ago the Boylston Bank, of Boston, was robbed of over \$500,000, principally the property of wards and widows, which had been deenna Exposition or sawit through the posited there upon the supposition that the mewspapers of the world, will doubt for an instant but that the feature mentioned by Mr. Jay, that of actual representations of countries and their customs, were both attractive and useful. robberies that have occurred in this country during the last decade. There is now living—or was a few days ago— in this city a woman who has been uniptentionally, but intimately, associated with one of the robbers, and has also been the means of bringing another noted

been the means of bringing another noted criminal to justice. Her trials and suiferings have interwoven with them a number of romantic incidents.

Charles Bullard, one of the principals in the great robbery, belonged to a weelthy and aristocratic family in New England. He had been carefully reared, gravity. I must own my admiration consudevery advantage that money could procure was secured for him, but expensive habits and a fast life brought like our opera and theater houses, the ruln. In the robbery Bullard was the boxes are inclosed on all sides, so that uln. In the robbery Bullard was the "gentleman," while Worth, ais compan-ion, attended to the mechanical part. Immediately after the robbery Bul-lard went to England and there assumed

tresses that hang in protusion hearty to the ground.
Wittin a few weeks after the nuptials

the newly-married couple went to Paris, and here her mental trials soon com-menced. They had been in Paris but a never asserted until two years after the death of the deceased. Case in progress.

The jury in the case of Ophelia J. Neville against Dennis Carey, mentioned yesterday, returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$1,800.

In the Bates will case the agreement the first inking the wife had that she first inking the wife had that she oarelessly as Charley Bullard. This was the first inkling the wife had that she was the victim of a grave deception, but for the time she hid her greef. Welles continued to spend money freely, and it soon became apparent to him that he must have an income to keep his purse

supplied.
With what he had remaining, what Worth could furnish, and by the aid of Mrs. Welles' fortune, Welles and Worth are. Welles fortune, welles and Worth but up in business together by establishing one of the most georgeously furnished salvons in Paris, known as the "American Restaurant," which became a tavorite resort for visitors from this country. The business was not as re-munerative as had been auticipated, and becoming depressed for means Welles and wife sailed for New York. While

in Paris she had been the recipient of many rich gitts, the most of which her husband had squandered.

Arriving in this city, the detectives who had been shadowing Welles were not tardy in arresting him and taking him to Massachusetts, where he pleaded guilty to the bank robbery, and was sentenced to twenty years in the State Prison—the full extent of the law—where he is now at hard labor.

Previous to the arrest Mrs. Welles had stored \$4,000 of furniture in her own name with a man named Strong in this city. It appeared in the statements made to the court that the detectives had promised that the husband should be leniently dealt with, provided that he would give a bill of sale of this furniture, but the Massachusetts Judge would not consider this. At this time Mrs Welles was hving with her two children in two consider this. At this time Mrs Welles was hiving with her two children in two rooms on Fourteenth street. Suit was commenced by the detectives for the furniture, the wife being made a third party to the cause, the quastion being whether the property belonged to the husband or the wife. Mrs. Welles also instituted proceedings against the detectives for grand larceny, for breaking open one of the stored boxes. The civil suit was decided last winter, Mrs. Welles being allowed a part of the goods, she paying costs; and the criminal action against the detectives was discontinued by the District Attorney.

against the detectives was discontinued by the District Attorney.

And now comes another most singular feature in her trials. While these proceedings were going on, detectives, with ex-Chief Colonel Wood, were unremitting in their hunt for Worth, Welles' accomplifies in the bank robbery. They professed to believe that Mrs. Welles knew where he was. In accordance with this belief, a person called George Albert Mason, it appears from the testimony, was sent to Mrs. Welles to ascertain what she knew of Worth. She denied any knowledge of his whereabouts, but said she believed she could reach him by advertising for a friend of his. Mason attend to

gave her a twenty-dollar and a five-dollar gave her a twenty-dollar and a five-dollar bill, with instructions to give them to no one but the person who answered the advertisement. The interview was had, but nothing resulting therefrom, another was agreed upen. Mason called again, and left two more bills of the same de-nominations, to be given to the acquaint-ance of Worth, and no one else. During all the time the United States detectives were watching the operations

detectives were watching the operations of Mason, who was the presented go between in securing Worth. They suspected Mason of having passed counter-leit money in the northern part of this State, and, calling on Mrs. Welles, induced her to show them the last money Mason had left, which proved to be counterfelt. Mason was thereupon arrested, and there was found between the matresses in his room a large amount of counterfeit money in twenties and fives only. Mrs. Welles was arrested as a witness on the order of Judge Blatchford, and kept in custody by Deputy United States Marshais Colar and Holmes at the headquarters of Colonel Washburn, chief of the United States Secret Service in this city, until

Colonel Washburn, chief of the United States Secret Service in this city, until (mainly upon her testimony) Mason was convicted and sent to prison.

Ars. Welles and her oblidren are obliged to change their places of residence frequently, Worth not having been caught, and her places of abode being under constant surveillance by the detectives. So vigilant is the watch that the maighbors are led to comment unpleasantly upon the matter, and with her husband in prison for a score of years, and she herself in a strange counyears, and she herself in a strange country, without sympathy and without friends, her case affords one more of the long series of unhappy remances whose characters jostle with us unknown in the streets of the great metropolis.

#### How London Amuses Ligett.

To go back to the sunny June .- cernoon of these modern days. When our drive is ended we have a dinner party. At no time is the Englishman so confrictely in his element, the English Hostess more charming than when she presides more charming than when she presides over a hospitable board. Proverbially delightful as English dinners and suppers are kown to be on the American side of the water, they must be experienced to be thoroughly appreciated. There is an easy flow of conversation, no pauses. The brilliant toflettes, the elegant display upon the table, the tights, flowers, all seem to borrow some new

flowers, all seem to borrow some new fascination from their being English and in London.

And then if you like, though it be late, you may go into Drury Land and hear the new tenore Signor Campanini (you the new tenore Signor Campanini (you buy your programme, by the way, for a penny, in the lobbies)—Drury Lane, sacred to so many memories. "To Drury Lane to-night to hear Garrick," writes Sir Josnua. "All the town went to Drury Lane fast evening," say's Fanny Gurney. "Garrick played Hamlet. There was such a crush coming out we were nearly sufficiented."

It is a big, rather gloomy theater, un-like our opera and theater houses, the boxes are inclosed on all sides, so that already made preparations for exhibitions of this kind, and there is little doubt that with proper encouragement many others would do so, and that nearly after the robbery Bullard west and the name of Welles, by which we shall designate him hereafter in this statement by action as would be given a year later. Fairmount Park is more than eight times the size of the enclosed grounds of the Prater, and plots of from five to fifty acres could be furnished to countries wishing to make displays of this kind, while the waters of the Schuylkill would offer opportunities for boating, &c., in kaeping with the superior facilities for gardens and natural representations.

Court Culturgs.

Court Culturgs.

The case of Richard C. Rohper against Milfred J. McLean, administratrix, was submitted to the Court to recover the sum of \$368, as a balance due for services rendered the defendant's intestate, yound McLean, in his life-time, whife Clerk of the United States Court for the marks of gray in the splending in profusion fearity to borded to the Day of the marks of gray in the splending in profusion fearity to the property and the ground. they do not present so festive at theroughfares of the Drury Lane neignborhood, to the stillness of the parks, the cool silence of Maymir.—The Galaxy for August.

# English Participation in the Centennial.

In the matter of machinery and the arts it is probable the English will be very liberal contributors to the Centen-nial Exhibition. Our patent law gives full protection for anything new, and they will place their products before an English-speaking people, who are ex-ceptionally accustomed to the adoption ceptionary accustomen to the adoption of new habits, new tools, new inventions. For these reasons strong representa-tions have been made by English tech-nical journals to induce a very full ex-hibition of manufactures from that country, and with the result that for the 46,000 square feet in the Industrial Hall allotted to Great Britain and her colonies, the mother country alone has made applications covering 60,000 square feet, and Canada alone wants 30,000 more. This is double the original allowance. This is double the original allowance. In addition to this the carpet industries have asked for 27,000 squareteet of hanging soom. The fact that the English are so eager to be well represented in our exhibition is of Itself enough to give our Centennial success, so far as Americans are concerned. The English will come have with the avoid intention to come here with the avowed intention to show us how much better their manu-factures are than ours, and how much lower they are sold. This was precisely the condition of things at the first of these great exhibitions, that of London in 1851. There the English were for the first time made aware of the fact that in artistic work of nearly every kind the French were by far their superiors, and artistic work of nearly every kind the French were by far their superiors, and the result of the competition thereby instituted has been not a mere improvement in the quality and variety of work done in English workshops, but a grand educational movement, designed to lift the whole English laboring class to a higher plane of life. It was evident that there could be no competition with such higher plane of life. It was evident that there could be no competition with such rivals unless a new system and grade of training the workmen was adopted, and this is the thing which for twenty years has been the mainspring of English educational thought and effort. If we, on comparison with our foreign competitors, find ourselves driven to better training and fluer work in the esthetic arts, and if the result is half as great as the result in the "World's Fair" of 1851 has been upon the English, our Centennial will deserve to rank as one of the most important events that can possibly most important events that can possibly betall us in the second century of our history.—"Scientific Miscellany," in The

Artificial fee is more brittle than the natural product.

Domestic magazines—Wives who blow

There are 800,000 acres of soil in India under jute cultivation.

Florida boys throw straw men to the alligators and then laugh and laugh. "This," thought a boy while being trounced by his fond papa, "is very like a whale."

. There are many drawbacks in this world. Among them is the fashion of pinning skirts.

A St. Louis lady reports that during a recent visit to Italy she had a "bust of

A Milwaukee girl only five years of age walks a rope suspended thirty feet from the ground.

A Parisian wears attached to his watch-guard the glass eye of his deceased grandmother. It appears that coising copper is not profitable. The Government has not made a ball cent since 1857.

It isn't apy economy to got your wife to out your hair, because, it costs you so much afterwards for court plaster. Customer-Mother wants a nice, plump chicken, please. Shopman - Trussed? Customer-On, no; I am going to pay for

Rimmel, the perfumer, who was lately burnt out in London, is going to rebuild on the old Strand site on a very grand

"Are angels playing croquet, mamma?" asked a little four-year old, the other evening, when she saw the meteors

How to prevent the hair from becom-ing gray. Cut it off, do it up neatly in tissue-paper and put it away in a drawer.

Fools are necessary to show wise men by contrast, but it appears in fact that the supply of fools is greater than the

demand. The young man who lived in the top of a four-story building said he had for many years suffered from climb-attic in-

The Worcester Women's Temperance

Praying Baud provides coffee for firemen at fires, and counsels them not to drink anything stronger. Paris has 4,990 Duvals in its city di-

rectory. That isn't enough, and they are trying to make an even 5,000. They want to raise the Duval some more. A member of the New York Legislapaid a journalist fitty dollars to write him a speech, and then broke down before he had delivered a sixteenth

It is reasonably to be supposed, when a gentleman moves the "quevious pres-tion, Misser Preserzent," that he has made some progress in investigating the whisky ring

A Brown county editor bought his ink by the jug full, because he could get it cheaper, but his wife went to fill the likstand one morning and found it wasn't ink by a jug full.

Som ladles of Texas have announced their intention to make a home for Jeff Davis in that State, and the expression of Mrs. Davis' face when she heard it, is what haunts him still,

Mamma (sternly)—"Now, Miriam, say grace" Miriam (who for the previous misconduct, has been deprived of pulling)—"For all they have received let them be truly thankful." The surest way to spoil a first-class public man is to pat him on the back and tell him he would make a good President. Unless he is proof against flat-

tery, his usefulness is ended. The hurry, impatience and headlong spirit of American life are well illustrated by the fact that our most active

men wear boots, believing that life is too short to stop to tie shoe-strings. A man died somewhere recently who was principally known as the first Fourth of July orator. It's of no consequence, however. What we want to see is the death of the last Fourth of July orator.

A reporter who had been a bank clerk thus insured accuracy in reporting a hymn sung at a funeral: "Ten thousand thousand (10,000,000) are their

But all their joys are one (1)."

"I wasn't so very late—only a quarter of twelve." "How dare you sit there and tell me that lie? I was awake when you came in and looked at my watch—it was three o'clock!" "Well, ien't three a quarter of twelve?"

A man has been arrested in Baltimore for stealing gravestones and coffins. It is supposed that he intended to steal several acres of ground, and take all his plunder out west and start a cemetery on tue European plan.

"Old age is to be respected," said a gentieman, recently examining and lec-turing a country town school, but seeing the son of his poulterer there added to him in particular, "The moral is applied to the human race, not to poultry." There is a Granger in a certain town

in Georgia who is so "close," that he throws "imitation" hambones to his dogs, and the animals, after gnawing the the paint off, retire, deluded into the belief that they have partaken of a square meal.

Of 586 bodies exhibited at the Paris Morgue in 1872 555 were the bodies of French persons. In 1873 there were 507 bodies, of which 460 were French. There were no Americans. They can find other amusement in Paris than jumping into the river. into the river.

One thing that staggers the New Or-leans Bulletin's belief in the hard times is the elegant dressing of the New Or-leans ladies. The costumes seen on Canal street are as expensive as ever, and the prices of dressmaking are atrocious as ever.

The following notice recently appeared in one of the London papers: "Mr. Peter Tate has left his home. His wife and children would be thankful to any one who can give information of his where-abouts. He is subject to fits, and re-sembles the German Emperor."

A good old lady, who improved every opportunity to teach by precept and example, once remarked at a prayer-meeting: "My friends, as I came along I saw a cow a switching of her tail—in this wicked world of strife she was peaceful and contented, a switching of her tail. and contented, a switching of her tail— and I said to myself: 'Go thou and do

A poor abused and deserted Detroit wife killed herself the other day, leaving the following proof of the great love she bore the man who was really her murderer: "My dear Richard, for love I got married, for love I die, and God bless you, and I freely forgive you. Pray the same, and we will meet in iteaven above. I got the 10 cents of Mrs. Rutridge to get laudanum." audanum."

What is Labor? Ent Avoring to make what is Labor? Eng. Afforing to make your husband understand that you ought to have a new dress every week. Woat is Trade? The means whereby husbands are enabled to obtain the cash required by their wives. What is Gredit? Running up a bill at the draper's. What is Division of Profits? Your husband allowing you a certain amount of his income for your own use.—London Hornet. BAILBOAD TIME-TABLE.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTER LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI SHORT-LINE.
Depot, Front and Kilgour. Time, 4 minutes slow
Louisville Ex daily 5:55A.M. 6:60P.M. 10:20A.M.

MARIBITA AND CINCINNATI.

Depot, Pearl and Plum. Time, 7 minutes
Park b'g (ex Sun) . 8:36A.M. 2:36P.M. 5
Park b'g Ex daily 8:30P.M. 5:35A.M. 3
Park b'g Ex daily 8:30P.M. 5:35A.M. 6
Chillicothe Ac . 5:30P.M. 9:26A.M. 8
Loveland Ac . 11:15A.M. 6:45A.M. 12
Loveland Ac . 6:20P.M. 7:55A.M. 6
Loveland Ac . 6:20P.M. 5:35P.M. 7
Loveland Ac . 6:20P.M. 5:35P.M. 7 BALTIMORE AND OHIO, VIA PARKERSBURG. Depot, Pearl and Plum. Time, 7 minutes fast, sattpore (ex Sun). 8:35 A.M. 5:35 A.M. 8:06 A.M. 8:06 A.M. 8:00 P.M. 2:30 P.M. 6:00 P.M. 10:25 P.M. 6:00 P.M. 10:25 P.M. 6:00 P.M. 10:25 P.M. BALTIMORE AND OHIO, VIA COLUMBUS.

Depot, Kilgour and Front. Time, 7 minu Saltimore Ex daily. 7:15A.M. 5:15A.M. Saltimore Ex. . 7:05F.M. 6:50P.M. 

Ougood Ac. 5:15P.M. 7:55A.M. 8:22 P.M. Anrera Ac Sunday 8:30A.M. 6:15P.M. 9:55A.M. CINCINNATI, HAMILTON AND DAYTON. CINCINNATI, HAMILTON AND DAYT

Depot—Firth and Hoadly. Time—7 misu
Dayton Ex. daily 9 % A.M. 5 %97 M. 11
Dayton Ex. daily 9 % A.M. 5 %97 M. 11
Dayton Ex. daily 9 500 p.M. 5 507 A.M. 15
Toledo Ex. daily 9 500 p.M. 5 500 A.M. 15
Toledo Ex. daily 9 500 p.M. 5 500 A.M. 16
Toledo Ex. daily 9 500 p.M. 5 500 A.M. 17
Toledo Ac. 2 50 p.M. 18 55 p.M. 1
Indianapolis Ac. 7 500 A.M. 1 2 50 p.M. 1
Indianapolis Ac. 1 50 p.M. 12 50 p.M. 1
Indianapolis Ac. 2 50 p.M. 12 55 p.M.
Compravils Ac. 4 50 p.M. 9 50 A.M.
Compravils Ac. 4 50 p.M. 8 55 A.M.
Chicago Ex. 7 500 p.M. 9 50 A.M.
Chicago Ex. 7 50 p.M. 9 50 A.M.
Chicago Ex. 7 50 p.M. 9 50 A.M.
Hamilton Ac. 9 215 A.M. 12 55 p.M.
Hamilton Ac. 9 215 A.M. 12 55 p.M.
Hamilton Ac. 1 50 p.M. 5 65 A.M.
Hamilton Ac. 1 50 p.M. 5 65 A.M.
Hamilton Ac. 1 50 p.M. 5 65 A.M.
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CINCINNATI HAMILTON AND HUDLANA

CINCINNATI. HAMILTON AND INDIANAPOLIS. Depot. Firth and Hoadly. Time, 7 minutes fast. Indianapolis Ac. 7:304.M. 19:307.M. 12:507.M. 12:

CINCINNATI, BICHMOND AND CHICAGO. Depot, Fifth and Hoadly. Time, 7 minutes fa Chicago Ex. 7:30a.M. 9:35p.M. 8:38 Richmond Ac. 9:35p.M. 12:35p.M. 7:40 Chicago Ex daily. 7:50p.M. 8:56a.M. 7:40 GRAND RAPIDS AND INDIANA.

Depot. Fifth and Hoadly. Time, 7 minut srand Rapids Ac. . 7:30A.M. 2:35r.M. Frand Rapids ex Sat. 7:30P.M. 8:55A.M.

Grand Ray de ex Sat. 7:00p.M. 2:55A.M. 10:00A.M.

BAYTON SHORT-LINK AND GLEVELAND.

Depot. Pearl and Plum Time, 7 minutes fast.

Roston Ex 7:00A.M. 5:00p.M. 4:50p.M.

Cleveland Ex 10:50A.M. 2:30p.M. 0:55p.M.

New York Ex daily 9:40p.M. 5:15A.M. 7:00A.M.

Springfield Ac 8:50A.M. 2:30p.M. 11:40A.M.

Springfield Ac 8:55p.M. 9:30A.M. 7:25p.M.

Layton Ac 5:40p.M. 7:45A.M. 7:30p.M.

Sharon Ac 6:40p.M. 5:55A.M. 7:30p.M. Broil AC 0:007-AL 0:00A. 1:000
DAYTON SHORT-LINE AND COLUMBUS.
Depot, Pearl and Plum. Time, 7 minutes raplumbus Ex 7:00A.M. 9:309-M. H:15.
Stumbus Ex 10:50A.M. 8:559-M. 8:55
olumbus Ac 3:45P.M. 9:20P.M. 10:10

CINCINNATI AND SANDUSKY. Depot, Pearl and Plum. Time, 7 minute andusky Ex. . . . 8:50 A.M. 5:50 P.M. 4 sellefontaine Ac. . . 8:46 P.M. 9:86 A.M. 8 andusky Ex daily . 9:40 P.M. 5:15 A.M. 7 INDIANAPOLIS, CINCINNATI AND LAPATETTE.

WHITEWATER VALLEY.

RENTUCKY CENTRAL. LITTLE MIAMI, PAN-HANDLE EAST.

| Papot, Front and Kilgour. | Time, 7 min | New York Ex. | Lishr.m. | 2:50r.m. | New York Ex. | Lishr.m. | 2:50r.m. | 8:50r.m. | 8:5 Loveland Ac. ... 11:30p.w. 7:45a.m. 12:56a.m. The 7:15 A. m. shd 4:16 F. M. trains connect for Yellow Springs and Springfield. The Church train caves Loveland Sundays at b. M., and returning caves Cholomati at 2 P. M. CINCINNATI AND MUSEINGUM VALLEY.

Depot, Front and Kilgour. Time, 7 minutes fast, Zanesville Ex. 10:90A.M. 3:60P.M. 5:50P.M. Circleville Ac. 4:10P.M. 10:15A.M. 9:30P.M. COLUMBUS, MT. VERNON AND CLEVELAND. Depot, Front and Kilkour. Time 7 minutes fast. Reveland Ex ...... 7:45 A.M. 6:50 P.M. 7:35 P.M. CHESAPEAKE AND OBIO.

Soat, foot of Broadway, to Huntington. City Time.

LITERATURE.

THE SUN.

DAILY & WEEKLY for 1875

THE APPROACH OF THE PRESIDENTIAL election gives unusual importance to the events and developments of 1878. We shall endeavor to describe them fully, faithfully and fearlessly.

THE WEEKLY SUN has now attained a circulation of over eighty thousand copies. Its readers are found an every State and Karritory, and its quality is well known to the public. We shall not only andeavor to keep it fully up to the old standard, but to improve and add to its variety and power.

THE WEEKLY SUN will continue to be a thorough newspaper. All the news of the day will be found in it, condensed when unimportant, at full length when of moment, and always, we trust, treated in a clear, interesting and instructive manner.

It is our aim to make the WEEKLY SUN the best family newspriper in the world. It will be full of entertaining and appropriate reading of every sort, but will prior nothing to offend the most cortonious and delicate taste, it will always contain the most interesting stories and romances of the day, carefully selected and legibly printed.

The Agricultural departments a prominent feature in the WEEKLY SUN, and its articles will always be found fresh and useful to the farmer.

The number of men independent in politics

will always be found from and useful to the farmer.

The number of men independent in politics is increasing, and the WEERLY SUN is their paper especially. It belongs to no party and obeys no dictation, commanding for principle, and for the election of the best men. It exposes the corruption that disgraces the country and threatens the overthrow of republican institutions. It has no fear of knayes, and seeks no favors from their supporters.

The markets of every kind and the fashions are regularly reported.

seeks no favore from their supporters.

The markets of every kind and the fashions are regularly reported.

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cents a month, or \$5 50 a year. To clubs It or over, a discount of 30 per cent.

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